

For Indian Bidders: E-INVOICING UNDER GST IS IMPLEMENTED W.E.F. 01.08.2023 FOR ALL THE TAXABLE PERSONS HAVING TURNOVER MORE THAN Rs. 05 CR or AS APPLICABLE. IT HAS BEEN SPECIFIED BY THE GOVT. THAT IT IS MANDATORY TO MENTION A VALID UNIQUE INVOICE REFERENCE NO. (IRN) AND QR CODE AS GENERATED FROM GOVT. PORTAL ON A TAX INVOICE. BASED ON SUCH INFORMATION, GST ITC AS CLAIMED BY BHEL IN GST RETURNS SHALL BE MATCHED WITH THE CORRESPONDING DETAILS UPLOADED BY SUPPLIER IN E-INVOICING SYSTEM. IN CASE THE VENDOR / CONTRACTOR DELAYS OR FAILS TO PROVIDE ALL DOCUMENTS AS PER THE PURCHASE ORDER / WORK ORDER AT THE TIME OF SUBMITTING TAX INVOICE TO BHEL, ANY SUBSEQUENT FINANCIAL LOSS TO BHEL ON ACCOUNT OF VENDOR/CONTRACTOR SHALL BE TO VENDOR'S / CONTRACTOR'S ACCOUNT. BHEL HAS FURTHER RIGHT TO TAKE NECESSARY STEPS TO PROTECT ITS INTEREST AT THE TIME OF RELEASE OF PAYMENT. THIS FURTHER REQUIRES INCLUSION OF IRN AND QR CODE ON TAX INVOICE AS ANNOUNCED BY GOVT. OF INDIA W.E.F. 01.04.2021.

ONLINE INVOICE UPLOADING DETAILS:

FOR GOODS / WORKS / SERVICES ON INDIAN SUPPLIERS / CONTRACTORS: IRRESPECTIVE OF THE VALUE OF THE INVOICE AMOUNT, THE SUPPLIER/ CONTRACTOR SHOULD NECESSARILY UPLOAD THE INVOICE DETAILS ON BHEL SUVIDHA PORTAL AT [HTTPS://SUVIDHA.BHEL.IN/SUVIDHA/](https://suvidha.bhel.in/suvidha/), PRIOR TO DESPATCH/RAISING INVOICE. ALL DOCUMENTS AS PER CONTRACT CHECKLIST, ALONG WITH ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS (IF ANY), MUST BE UPLOADED ON THE PORTAL. IT IS MANDATORY THAT TAX INVOICES WITH A NET AMOUNT (INCLUDING TAXES) EXCEEDING RS FIVE LAKHS UPLOADED ON THE PORTAL ARE DIGITALLY SIGNED USING A CLASS 3 DIGITAL SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE (DSC) ISSUED BY A LICENSED CERTIFYING AUTHORITY. SUBMISSION OF INVOICE DOCUMENT IN HARD COPY IS ALLOWED FOR INVOICES WITH A NET AMOUNT (INCLUDING TAXES) EQUAL TO AND UPTO RS FIVE LAKHS IN CASE THE REQUIREMENT FOR DIGITALLY SIGNED INVOICE IS NOT EXPLICITLY MENTIONED IN THE CONTRACT CHECKLIST.

THE INVOICE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED IN ABSENCE OF THE ABOVE.

=> THE TENDER OFFER SHOULD BE SUBMITTED IN TWO PART (**PART-I:** TECHNO-COMMERCIAL BID & COMPLIANCE OF PQR, QUALITY REQUIREMENTS, MII, NDA & RESPECTIVE TENDER DOCUMENTS) AND (**PART- II-** PRICE BID). THE (PART-II) TO BE KEPT IN SEPARATE ENVELOPE / COVER. PART-I SHALL BE OPENED ON THE DUE DATE SPECIFIED IN TENDER. PART-II (PRICE BID) (OF PQR / QR & TECHNO-COMMERCIAL QUALIFIED BIDDERS ONLY) SHALL BE OPENED AT A LATER DATE.

=> BHEL GISTC AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS / T&C ARE APPLICABLE IN THIS CASE. IF ANY DEVIATION TO BE CLEARLY MENTION IN OFFER. ELSE, SHALL BE

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CONSIDERED AS DEEMED ACCEPTED. BHEL RESERVE THE RIGHT TO NON-CONSIDER OF BIDS, IN CASE OF DEVIATION FROM BHEL GISTC AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS / T&C.

=> THE TOTAL VALUE WISE EVALUATION CURRENCY FOR THIS TENDER SHALL BE INR (Rs.); HOWEVER, PRICES MAY BE QUOTED IN INTERNATIONALLY FREELY TRADABLE CURRENCY.

=> RESPECTIVE DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS OF ENQUIRED ITEM SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO UNREGISTERED VENDORS ONLY AGAINST DULY FILLED, SIGNED/STAMPED & WITNESSED COPY OF ATTACHED 'Non- Disclosure Agreement'.

=> ONLY THOSE VENDORS WHO FULFILL THE ATTACHED 'PRE-QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS' & 'QUALITY REQUIREMENTS' WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR FURTHER TECHNICAL EVALUATION / PROCESSING. KINDLY SUBMIT PQR CLAUSE WISE REQUIRED DOCUMENTS & QUALITY REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENTS ALONG WITH OFFER.

=> DEVIATION WITH REFERENCE TO BHEL SPECIFICATION/DRAWING, IF ANY, SHOULD BE CLEARLY INDICATED ON A SEPARATE SHEET IN TECHNO-COMMERCIAL OFFER.

=> REVISION OF QUOTED RATES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS ASKED BY BHEL DUE TO MAJOR CHANGE IN DRAWING / SPECIFICATION / TENDER QUANTITY.

=> LD CLAUSE: PENALTY FOR LATE DELIVERIES SHALL BE APPLICABLE @0.5% PER WEEK OR PART THEREOF ON THE VALUE OF RESPECTIVE DELAYED SUPPLIES SUBJECT TO MAXIMUM OF 10% OF THE VALUE OF RESPECTIVE DELAYED SUPPLIES. VALUE OF DELAYED SUPPLIES WILL MEAN THE GROSS VALUE PAYABLE TO THE VENDOR (BEFORE LD) AGAINST SUCH SUPPLIES EXCLUDING TAXES & DUTIES.

"BHEL may load maximum penalty under LD clause, to the extent the same is not agreed by the vendor, for the purpose of price comparative statement. Where deliveries quoted by the vendors are not suiting, BHEL may also ignore the offer of the vendor ".

=> EVALUATION IN CASE OF MORE THEN ONE L-1 BIDDER: IN THE COURSE OF EVALUATION, IF MORE THAN ONE BIDDER HAPPENS TO OCCUPY L-1 STATUS, EFFECTIVE L-1 WILL BE DECIDED BY SOLICITING DISCOUNTS FROM RESPECTIVE L-1 BIDDERS. IN CASE MORE THAN ONE BIDDER HAPPENS TO OCCUPY THE L-1 STATUS EVEN AFTER SOLICITING DISCOUNTS, THE L-1 BIDDER SHALL BE DECIDED BY A TOSS/ DRAW OF LOTS, IN THE PRESENCE OF RESPECTIVE L-1 BIDDER(S) OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVE(S). RANKING WILL BE DONE ACCORDINGLY. BHEL DECISION IN SUCH SITUATIONS SHALL BE FINAL AND BINDING.

=>BANK GUARANTEE (BG) : VENDOR MUST SUBMIT THE BANK GUARANTEE (BG) OF REQUESTED AMOUNT TO BHEL HARIDWAR IN ORIGINAL HARD COPY ALONG WITH CONFIRMATION LETTER OF ISSUING BANK WITHIN 10 DAYS FROM THE DATE OF INTIMATION.

=> PAYMENT LOADING FOR COMPARISON PURPOSE: BHEL RESERVES THE RIGHT TO LOAD THE OFFER OF VENDORS FOR DEVIATION IN PAYMENT TERMS

MENTIONED IN THE BHEL GISTC (ATTACHED) EXISTING BASE RATE OF SBI (AS ON DATE OF OPENING OF TECHNO-COMMERCIAL OFFER) + 6%, SHALL BE CONSIDERED LOADING WOULD BE DONE FOR THE SHAKE OF EVALUATION ONLY.

=> BHEL will deal directly with the manufacturers / principal vendors and no correspondence with the agents will be entertained. The agents will not be permitted to visit / interact with BHEL on behalf of their principals. Subsequently also, no correspondence of any type will be made with any agent. (All individuals / companies - representing / Advisor / retainer ship basis or claimed to be part time employees for many OEMs / claiming to be channel or business partner for BHEL work / stockiest not registered specifically etc. are Agents). Communications with only those agents who have submitted agency agreement with their respective principal may be done. The suppliers or their authorized person may be allowed to attend the tender opening, if duly authorized by their principals, through a specific letter for a particular enquiry for specific price bid opening on that particular day. General authorization letter is not acceptable. However, in case of e-tender, vendor should see the tenders of others on the opening date only. Thereafter, the respective window will get closed.

FORCE MAJEURE:

"Force Majeure" shall mean circumstance which is: a) beyond control of either of the parties to contract, b) either of the parties could not reasonably have provided against the event before entering into the contract, c) having arisen, either of the parties could not reasonably have avoided or overcome, and d) is not substantially attributable to either of the parties And Prevents the performance of the contract, Such circumstances include but shall not be limited to: i) War, hostilities , invasion, act of foreign enemies. ii) Rebellion, terrorism, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or civil war. iii) Riot, commotion or disorder by persons other than the contractor's personnel and other employees of the contractor and sub-contractors. iv) Strike or lockout not solely involving the contractor's personnel and other employees of the contractor and sub-contractors. v) Encountering munitions of war, explosive materials, ionizing radiation or contamination by radio-activity, except as may be attributable to the contractor's use of such munitions, explosives, radiation or radio- activity. vi) Natural catastrophes such as earthquake, tsunami, volcanic activity, hurricane or typhoon, flood, fire, cyclones etc. vii) Epidemic, pandemic etc.

The following events are explicitly excluded from Force Majeure and are solely the responsibilities of the non-performing party: a) any strike, work-to-rule action, goslow or similar labour difficulty (b) late delivery of equipment or material (unless caused by Force Majeure event) and (c) economic hardship.

If either party is prevented, hindered or delayed from or in performing any of its obligations under the Contract by an event of Force Majeure, then it shall notify the other in writing of the occurrence of such event and the circumstances thereof within 15 (fifteen) days after the occurrence of such event.

The party who has given such notice shall be excused from the performance or punctual performance of its obligations under the Contract for so long as the relevant event of

Force Majeure continues and to the extent that such party's performance is prevented, hindered or delayed. The Time for Completion shall be extended by a period of time equal to period of delay caused due to such Force Majeure event.

Delay or non-performance by either party hereto caused by the occurrence of any event of Force Majeure shall not i) Constitute a default or breach of the Contract. ii) Give rise to any claim for damages or additional cost expense occasioned thereby, if and to the extent that such delay or non-performance is caused by the occurrence of an event of Force Majeure.

BHEL at its discretion may consider short closure of contract after 1 year of imposition of Force Majeure in line with extant guidelines. In any case, Supplier/Vendor cannot consider deemed short-closure after 1 year of imposition of Force Majeure.

Settlement of Dispute:

If any dispute or difference of any kind whatsoever shall arise between BHEL and the Supplier/Vendor, arising out of the contract for the performance of the work whether during the progress of contract termination, abandonment or breach of the contract, it shall in the first place referred to Designated Officer / IEM for amicable resolution by the parties. Designated Officer / IEM who within 60 days after being requested shall give written notice of his decision to the contractor. Save as hereinafter provided, such decision in respect of every matter so referred shall forthwith be given effect to by the Supplier/Vendor who shall proceed with the work with all due diligence, whether he or BHEL desires to resolve the dispute as hereinafter provided or not. If after the Designated Engineer has given written notice of this decision to the party and no intention to pursue the dispute has been communicated to him by the affected party within 30 days from the receipt of such notice, the said decision shall become final and binding on the parties. In the event the Supplier/Vendor being dissatisfied with any such decision or if amicable settlement cannot be reached then all such disputed issues shall be resolved through conciliation in terms of the BHEL Conciliation Scheme 2018 as per 'CONCILIATION' Clause.

CONCILIATION:

Any dispute, difference or controversy of whatever nature howsoever arising under or out of or in relation to this Agreement (including its interpretation) between the Parties, and so notified in writing by either Party to the other Party (the "Dispute") shall, in the first instance, be attempted to be resolved amicably in accordance with the conciliation procedure as per BHEL Conciliation Scheme 2018. The proceedings of Conciliation shall broadly be governed by Part-III of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996 or any statutory modification thereof and as provided in - "Procedure for conduct of conciliation proceedings" (as available in www.bhel.com).

Note: Ministry of Finance has issued OM reference No. 1/2/24 dated 03.06.2024 regarding "Guidelines for Arbitration and Mediation in Contracts of Domestic Public Procurement. In the said OM it has been recommended that Government departments/ Entities/agencies are to encourage mediation under the Mediation Act. 2023. The said

Act has not yet been notified by the Government. Therefore, the clause "Settlement of Disputes" shall be modified accordingly as and when the Mediation Act 2023 gets notified.

ARBITRATION:

Except as provided elsewhere in this Contract, in case Parties are unable to reach amicable settlement (whether by Conciliation to be conducted as provided herein above or otherwise) in respect of any dispute or difference; arising out of the formation, breach, termination, validity or execution of the Contract; or, the respective rights and liabilities of the Parties; or, in relation to interpretation of any provision of the Contract; or, in any manner touching upon the Contract (hereinafter referred to as the 'Dispute'), then, either Party may, refer the disputes to Arbitral Institution and such dispute to be adjudicated by Sole Arbitrator appointed in accordance with the Rules of said Arbitral Institution.

A party willing to commence arbitration proceeding shall invoke Arbitration Clause by giving notice to the other party in terms of section 21 of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as the 'Notice') before referring the matter to arbitral institution. The Notice shall be addressed to the Head of the Region, Power Sector/ Unit, BHEL, executing the Contract and shall contain the particulars of all claims to be referred to arbitration with sufficient detail and shall also indicate the monetary amount of such claim including interest, if any.

After expiry of 30 days from the date of receipt of aforesaid notice, the party invoking the Arbitration shall submit that dispute to the Arbitral Institutions (shall be identified by the contract issuing agency) and that dispute shall be adjudicated in accordance with their respective Arbitration Rules. The matter shall be adjudicated by a Sole Arbitrator who shall necessarily be a Retd Judge having considerable experience in commercial matters to be appointed/nominated by the respective institution. The cost/expenses pertaining to the said Arbitration shall also be governed in accordance with the Rules of the respective Arbitral Institution. The decision of the party invoking the Arbitration for reference of dispute to a specific Arbitral institution for adjudication of that dispute shall be final and binding on both the parties and shall not be subject to any change thereafter. The institution once selected at the time of invocation of dispute shall remain unchanged.

The fee and expenses shall be borne by the parties as per the Arbitral Institutional rules.

The Arbitration proceedings shall be in English language and the seat and venue of Arbitration shall be at the court(s) of New Delhi, India.

Subject to the above, the provisions of Arbitration & Conciliation Act 1996 and any amendment thereof shall be applicable. All matters relating to this Contract and arising out of invocation of Arbitration clause are subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court(s) situated at New Delhi, India, shall have exclusive jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding any reference to the Designated Engineer or Conciliation or Arbitration herein, a. the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the Contract unless they otherwise agree. Settlement of Dispute clause cannot be invoked by the Contractor, if the Contract has been mutually closed or 'No Demand Certificate'

has been furnished by the Contractor or any Settlement Agreement has been signed between the Employer and the Contractor.

It is agreed that Mechanism of resolution of disputes through arbitration shall be available only in the cases where the value of the dispute is less than Rs. 10 Crores.

In case the disputed amount Claim, Counter claim including interest is Rs. 10 crores and above, the parties shall be within their rights to take recourse to remedies other than Arbitration, as may be available to them under the applicable laws after prior intimation to the other party. Subject to the aforesaid conditions, provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 and any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof as amended from time to time, shall apply to the arbitration proceedings under this clause.

In case, multiple arbitrations are invoked (whether sub-judice or arbitral award passed) by any party to under this contract, then the cumulative value of claims (including interest claimed or awarded) in all such arbitrations shall be taken in account while arriving at the total claim in dispute for the subject contract for the purpose of clause mentioned above. Disputes having cumulative value of less than 10 crores shall be resolved through arbitration and any additional dispute shall be adjudicated by the court of competent jurisdiction.

NO INTEREST PAYABLE TO CONTRACTOR / VENDOR:

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other document comprising in the Contract, no interest shall be payable by BHEL to Contractor on any moneys or balances including but not limited to the Security Deposit, EMD, Retention Money, RA Bills or the Final Bill, or any amount withheld and/or appropriated by BHEL etc., which becomes or as the case may be, is adjudged to be due from BHEL to Contractor whether under the Contract or otherwise.

JURISDICTION:

This contract shall be governed by the Law for the time being in force in the Republic of India. Subject to clause(s) mentioned above of this contract, the Civil Court having original Civil Jurisdiction at New Delhi, India for Foreign supplier and Haridwar for Indian Supplier, shall alone have exclusive jurisdiction in regard to all matters in respect of the Contract.

BREACH OF CONTRACT, REMEDIES AND TERMINATION:

BREACH OF CONTRACT: The following shall amount to breach of contract:

- i. Non-supply of material/ non-completion of work by the Supplier/Vendor within scheduled delivery/ completion period as per contract or as extended from time to time.
- ii. The Supplier/Vendor fails to perform as per the activity schedule and there are sufficient reasons even before expiry of the delivery/ completion period to justify that supplies shall be inordinately delayed beyond contractual delivery/ completion period.
- iii. The Supplier/Vendor delivers equipment/ material not of the contracted quality.
- iv. The Supplier/Vendor fails to replace the defective equipment/ material/ component as per guarantee clause.
- v. Withdrawal from or abandonment of the work by the Supplier/Vendor before completion as per contract.
- vi. Assignment, transfer, subletting of Contract by the

Supplier/Vendor without BHEL's written permission resulting in termination of Contract or part thereof by BHEL. vii. Non-compliance to any contractual condition or any other default attributable to Supplier/Vendor. viii. Any other reason(s) attributable to Vendor towards failure of performance of contract. In case of breach of contract, BHEL shall have the right to terminate the Purchase Order/ Contract either in whole or in part thereof without any compensation to the Supplier/Vendor. ix. Any of the declarations furnished by the contractor at the time of bidding and/ or entering into the contract for supply are found untruthful and such declarations were of a nature that could have resulted in non-award of contract to the contractor or could expose BHEL and/ or Owner to adverse consequences, financial or otherwise. x. Supplier/Vendor is convicted of any offence involving corrupt business practices, antinational activities or any such offence that compromises the business ethics of BHEL, in violation of the Integrity Pact entered into with BHEL has the potential to harm the overall business of BHEL/ Owner.

Note- Once BHEL considers that a breach of contract has occurred on the part of Supplier/Vendor, BHEL shall notify the Supplier/Vendor by way of notice in this regard. Contractor shall be given an opportunity to rectify the reasons causing the breach of contract within a period of 14 days. In case the contractor fails to remedy the breach, as mentioned in the notice, to the satisfaction of BHEL, BHEL shall have the right to take recourse to any of the remedial actions available to it under the relevant provisions of contract.

REMEDIES IN CASE OF BREACH OF CONTRACT:

i. Wherein the period as stipulated in the notice issued under clause mentioned above has expired and Supplier/Vendor has failed to remedy the breach, BHEL will have the right to terminate the contract on the ground of "Breach of Contract" without any further notice to contractor. ii. Upon termination of contract, BHEL shall be entitled to recover an amount equivalent to 10% of the Contract Value for the damages on account of breach of contract committed by the Supplier/Vendor. This amount shall be recovered by way of encashing the security instruments like performance bank guarantee etc. available with BHEL against the said contract. In case the value of the security instruments available is less than 10% of the contract value, the balance amount shall be recovered from other financial remedies (i.e. available bills of the Supplier/Vendor, retention amount, from the money due to the Supplier/Vendor etc. with BHEL) or the other legal remedies shall be pursued. iii. wherever the value of security instruments like performance bank guarantee available with BHEL against the said contract is 10% of the contract value or more, such security instruments to the extent of 10% contract value will be encashed. In case no security instruments are available or the value of the security instruments available is less than 10% of the contract value, the 10% of the contract value or the balance amount, as the case may be, will be recovered in all or any of the following manners: iv. In case the amount recovered mentioned under sub clause (a) is not sufficient to fulfil the amount recoverable then; a demand notice to deposit the balance amount within 30 days shall be issued to Supplier/Vendor. v. If Supplier/Vendor fails to deposit the balance amount within the period as prescribed in demand notice, following action shall be taken for recovery of the balance amount:

a. from dues available in the form of Bills payable to defaulted Supplier/Vendor against the same contract. b. If it is not possible to recover the dues available from the same contract or dues are insufficient to meet the recoverable amount, balance amount shall be recovered from any money(s) payable to Supplier/Vendor under any contract with other Units of BHEL including recovery from security deposits or any other deposit available in the form of security instruments of any kind against Security deposit or EMD. c. In-case recoveries are not possible with any of the above available options, Legal action shall be initiated for recovery against defaulted supplier/Vendor.

vi. It is an agreed term of contract that this amount shall be a genuine pre-estimate of damages that BHEL would incur in completion of balance contractual obligation of the contract through any other agency and BHEL will not be required to furnish any other evidence to the Supplier/Vendor for the purpose of estimation of damages. vii. In addition to the above, imposition of liquidated damages, debarment, termination, de-scoping, short-closure, etc., shall be applied as per provisions of the contract.

Note: 1) The defaulting Supplier/Vendor shall not be eligible for participation in any of the future enquiries floated by BHEL to complete the balance work. The defaulting contractor shall mean and include: (a) In case defaulted Supplier/Vendor is the Sole Proprietorship Firm, any Sole Proprietorship Firm owned by same Sole Proprietor. (b) In case defaulted Supplier/Vendor is The Partnership Firm, any firm comprising of same partners/ some of the same partners; or sole proprietorship firm owned by any partner(s) as a sole proprietor.

Action against Bidders / vendor / supplier / contractor in case of default: In order to protect the commercial interests of BHEL, BHEL shall take action against supplies / contractors by way of suspension of business dealings, who either fail to perform or are in default without any reasonable cause, cause loss of business/ money/ reputation, indulge in malpractices, cheating, bribery, fraud or any other misconduct or formation of cartels so as to influence the bidding process or influence the price etc.

Suspension of Business Dealings could be in the form of "Hold" or "Banning" a supplier/ contractor or a bidder and shall be as per "Guidelines for Suspension of Business Dealings with Suppliers/ Contractors" available at BHEL's website <https://www.bhel.com/guidelines-suspension-business-dealings-supplierscontractors>.

Conflict of interest: "A bidder shall not have conflict of interest with other bidders. Such conflict of interest can lead to anti-competitive practices to the detriment of Procuring Entity's interests. The bidder found to have a conflict of interest shall be disqualified. A bidder may be considered to have a conflict of interest with one or more parties in this bidding process, if:

a) they have controlling partner (s) in common; or b) they receive or have received any direct or indirect subsidy/ financial stake from any of them; or c) they have the same legal representative/agent for purposes of this bid; or d) they have relationship with each other, directly or through common third parties, that puts them in a position to have access to information about or influence on the bid of another Bidder; or e) Bidder participates in more than one bid in this bidding process. Participation by a Bidder in more than one Bid

will result in the disqualification of all bids in which the parties are involved. However, this does not limit the inclusion of the components/ sub-assembly/Assemblies from. one bidding manufacturer in more than one bid; or f) In cases of agents quoting in offshore procurements, on behalf of their principal manufacturers, one agent cannot represent two manufacturers or quote on their behalf in a particular tender enquiry. One manufacturer can also authorise only one agent/dealer. There can be only one bid from the following: 1. The principal manufacturer directly or through one Indian agent on his behalf; and 2. Indian/foreign agent on behalf of only one principal; or g) A Bidder or any of its affiliates participated as a consultant in the preparation of the design or technical specifications of the contract that is the subject of the Bid; or h) In case of a holding company having more than one independently manufacturing units, or more than one unit having common business ownership/management, only one unit should quote. Similar restrictions would apply to closely related sister companies. Bidders must proactively declare such sister/ common business/ management units in same/similar line of business. "

Treatment of cases regarding conflict of interest:

The bidder notes that a conflict of interest would said to have occurred in the tender process and execution of the resultant contract, in case of any of the following situations:

- i) If its personnel have a close personal, financial, or business relationship with any personnel of BHEL who are directly or indirectly related to the procurement or execution process of the contract, which can affect the decision of BHEL directly or indirectly;
- ii) The bidder (or his allied firm) provided services for the need assessment/ procurement planning of the Tender process in which it is participating;
- iii) Procurement of goods directly from the manufacturers/ suppliers shall be preferred. However, if the OEM/ Principal insists on engaging the services of an agent, such agent shall not be allowed to represent more than one manufacturer/ supplier in the same tender. Moreover, either the agent could bid on behalf of the manufacturer/ supplier or the manufacturer/ supplier could bid directly but not both. In case bids are received from both the manufacturer/ supplier and the agent, bid received from the agent shall be ignored. However, this shall not debar more than one Authorised distributor (with/ or without the OEM) from quoting equipment manufactured by an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) in procurements under a Proprietary Article Certificate.
- iv) A bidder participates in more than one bid in this tender process. Participation in any capacity by a Bidder (including the participation of a Bidder as a partner/ JV member or sub-contractor in another bid or vice-versa) in more than one bid shall result in the disqualification of all bids in which he is a party. However, this does not limit the participation of an entity as a sub-contractor in more than one bid if he is not bidding independently in his own name or as a member of a JV.

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The Bidder declares that they have read and understood the above aspects, and the bidder confirms that such conflict of interest does not exist and undertakes that they will not enter into any illegal or undisclosed agreement or understanding, whether formal or informal with other Bidder(s), in this regard. This applies in particular to prices, specifications, certifications, subsidiary contracts, submission or non-submission of bids or any other actions to restrict competitiveness or to introduce cartelization in the bidding process. In case, the Bidder is found having indulged in above activities, the same will be considered as a violation of the tender conditions, and suitable action shall be taken by BHEL as per extant policies/ guidelines.

OVER RUN CHARGES:

No overrun charges are applicable.

ORDER OF PRECEDENCE:

The Purchase Order along with its Annexures the NIT, its amendments / corrigendum's shall all together constitute the entire contract between the Parties and shall be complementary to one another. In case of any contradiction, the order of precedence shall be as below: a. Purchase Order along with its Annexures b. Amendments/Clarifications/Corrigenda/Errata etc. issued in respect of the tender documents by BHEL. c. NIT.

OTHER POINTS:

Vendor(s) shall have to observe all item / work quality, BHEL specification / drawing, general technical guide lines as stipulated in relevant clauses tender specification.

Vendor(s) should follow the agreed tender term (Bid should be free from correction, overwriting, using corrective fluid, etc. Any interlineation, cutting, erasure or overwriting shall be valid only if they are attested under full signature(s) of person(s) signing the bid else bid shall be liable for rejection) strictly:- "The offers of the bidders who are on the banned list as also the offer of the bidders, who engage the services of the banned firms, shall be rejected. The list of banned firms is available on BHEL web site www.bhel.com)".

=> All other terms & conditions not covered here shall be as per those specified in the tender document (NIT) along with Technical Specification, Specific Conditions of Bid/ Contract & BHEL GISTC.

i. In case of negotiation, validity of offer shall be 60 days from receipt of revised / negotiated final price or 120 days from Part-I opening, whichever is later. ii. Offers with shorter validity than above are liable to be rejected.